

=> d que stat l14

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L1      1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON  C31H38F2IN3O3/MF
L7      694719 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  (?MELANOMA? OR ?CANCER? OR ?CARCIN?
        OR ?NEOPLASM? OR ?TUMOR? OR ?TUMOUR?)
L8      9 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  L7 AND ?XENOGENEIC?(L) (L1 OR ?TYROSINA
        SE?)
L9      2179 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  L7 AND (L1 OR ?TYROSINASE?)
L10     1007 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  L9 AND ((?HUMAN? OR ?SYNGENEIC?) (W) (?D
        IFF?(W)?ANTIGEN?) OR ?HUMAN?)
L11     261 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  L10 AND (DNA? OR ?TUMOUR?(W)?AGENT?)
L12     6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  L11 AND (?CANINE? OR DOG?)
L13     14 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  L8 OR L12
L14     6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON  L13 AND (?CANINE? OR DOG?)

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=> d ibib abs l14 1-6

L14 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:273846 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:358123

TITLE: Long-Term Survival of **Dogs** with Advanced

Malignant **Melanoma** after DNA

Vaccination with **Xenogeneic Human**

Tyrosinase: A Phase I Trial

AUTHOR(S): Bergman, Philip J.; McKnight, Joanne; Novosad, Andrew;
Charney, Sarah; Farrelly, John; Craft, Diane; Wulderk,
Michelle; Jeffers, Yusuf; Sadelain, Michel; Hohenhaus,
Ann E.; Segal, Neil; Gregor, Polly; Engelhorn, Manuel;
Riviere, Isabelle; Houghton, Alan N.; Wolchok, Jedd D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Donaldson-Atwood Cancer Clinic and Flaherty
Comparative Oncology Laboratory, The E&M Bobst
Hospital of the Animal Medical Center, New York, NY,
10021, USA

SOURCE: Clinical Cancer Research (2003), 9(4), 1284-1290

CODEN: CCREF4; ISSN: 1078-0432

PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB **Canine** malignant **melanoma** (CMM) is a spontaneous, aggressive, and metastatic **neoplasm**. Preclin. mouse studies have shown that **xenogeneic DNA** vaccination with genes encoding **tyrosinase** family members can induce antibody and cytotoxic T-cell responses, resulting in **tumor** rejection. These studies provided the rationale for a trial of **xenogeneic DNA** vaccination in CMM using the **human tyrosinase** gene. Three cohorts of three **dogs** each with advanced (WHO stage II, III, or IV) CMM received four biweekly i.m. injections (dose levels 100, 500, or 1500 µg, resp./vaccination) of **human tyrosinase** plasmid DNA i.m. via the Biojector2000 delivery device. Mild local reactions at injection sites were the only toxicities observed, with no signs of autoimmunity. One **dog** with stage IV disease had a complete clin. response in multiple lung metastases for 329 days. Two **dogs** with stage IV disease had long-term survivals (421 and 588+ days) in the face of significant bulky metastatic disease, and two other **dogs** with locally controlled stage II/III disease had long-term survivals (501 and 496 days) with no evidence of **melanoma** on necropsy. Four other **dogs** were euthanized because of progression of the primary **tumor**. The Kaplan-Meier median survival time for all nine **dogs** was 389 days. The results of this trial demonstrate that **xenogeneic DNA** vaccination of **dogs** with

advanced malignant **melanoma** is a safe and potentially therapeutic modality. On the basis of these results, addnl. evaluation of this novel therapeutic is warranted in locally controlled CMM and advanced **human melanoma**.

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L14 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:794136 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:309482

TITLE: Compositions for treatment of **melanoma** and method of using same

INVENTOR(S): Houghton, Alan N.; Bergman, Philip J.; Wolchok, Jedd D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp., Cont.-in-part of U. S. Ser. No. 627,694.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| US 2002150589 | A1 | 20021017 | US 2001-996128 | 20011127 |
| WO 9825574 | A2 | 19980618 | WO 1997-US22669 | 19971210 |
| WO 9825574 | A3 | 19980903 | | |
| W: CA, JP, US | | | | |
| RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE | | | | |
| US 6328969 | B1 | 20011211 | US 1999-308697 | 19990521 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1996-32535P | P 19961210 |
| | | | US 1997-36419P | P 19970217 |
| | | | WO 1997-US22669 | W 19971210 |
| | | | US 1999-308697 | A2 19990521 |
| | | | US 2000-180651P | P 20000126 |
| | | | US 2000-627694 | A2 20000728 |

AB **Melanoma** can be treated in a mammalian subject by administering to the subject an immunol.-effective amount of a xenogeneic **melanoma**-associated differentiation antigen. For example, genetic immunization with a plasmid containing a sequence encoding **human gp75** has been shown to be effective in treatment of **dogs** with **melanoma**.

L14 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:747832 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:313607

TITLE: Fusogenic protein genes regulated by tissue-specific excision and their use in **cancer** therapy

INVENTOR(S): Vile, Richard G.; Harrington, Kevin; Murphy, Stephen; Bateman, Andrew

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|

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WO 2001074861      A2      20011011      WO 2001-US10250      20010330
WO 2001074861      A3      20020314
WO 2001074861      C2      20021227

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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
 CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
 HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
 LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
 SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
 YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
 BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

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US 2002150556      A1      20021017      US 2001-822634      20010330

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-193977P P 20000331

AB A method of ensuring **tumor** specific expression of a cytotoxic gene is described. Th preferred gene encodes a viral fusogenic peptide that stimulates syncytium formation. The gene is under control of a **tumor**-specific promoter and is flanked by a pair of sites recognized by a site-specific recombinase. The recombinase gene is under control of a promoter that functions in normal tissue, but not in the **tumor** cell. In normal tissues, the fusogenic protein gene is excised by site-specific recombination and lost. In **tumor** cells, the gene is not lost by excision and is expressed. After cell fusion and syncytium formation, the **tumor** cells die.

L14 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:101291 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:161880

TITLE: cDNAs encoding the Flt-3 receptor ligand and there use as adjuvants in vector vaccines

INVENTOR(S): Hermanson, Gary George

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vical Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 148 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2001009303 | A2 | 20010208 | WO 2000-US20679 | 20000731 |
| WO 2001009303 | A3 | 20010816 | | |

W: CA, JP, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
 PT, SE

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-146170P P 19990730

AB A method of increasing the strength of the immune response of vector vaccines using an expression vector for the Flt3 ligand is described. The vaccines are made of independent non-integrating expression vectors: one encodes the antigen or a cytokine and the other encodes the Flt3 ligand. The present invention also provides a method broadly directed to improving immune response of a vertebrate in need of immunotherapy by administering in vivo, into a tissue of a vertebrate, a Flt-3 ligand-encoding polynucleotide and one or more antigen- or cytokine-encoding polynucleotides. The polynucleotides are incorporated into the cells of the vertebrate in vivo, and a prophylactically or therapeutically effective amount of a Flt-3 ligand and one or more antigens is produced in vivo.

L14 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:351545 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:16301
 TITLE: Immunotherapy with 5T4 antigen
 INVENTOR(S): Carroll, Miles William; Myers, Kevin Alan
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Oxford Biomedica (UK) Limited, UK
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|--|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2000029428 | A2 | 20000525 | WO 1999-GB3859 | 19991118 |
| WO 2000029428 | A3 | 20001109 | | |
| W: | AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | |
| RW: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| EP 1036091 | A1 | 20000920 | EP 1999-972219 | 19991118 |
| R: | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI | | | |
| GB 2347932 | A1 | 20000920 | GB 2000-14986 | 19991118 |
| GB 2347932 | B2 | 20030507 | | |
| EP 1152060 | A1 | 20011107 | EP 2001-201447 | 19991118 |
| R: | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI | | | |
| EP 1160323 | A1 | 20011205 | EP 2001-201448 | 19991118 |
| R: | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI | | | |
| GB 2370571 | A1 | 20020703 | GB 2001-27669 | 19991118 |
| GB 2370571 | B2 | 20030507 | | |
| GB 2370572 | A1 | 20020703 | GB 2001-27673 | 19991118 |
| GB 2370572 | B2 | 20030507 | | |
| GB 2370573 | A1 | 20020703 | GB 2001-27675 | 19991118 |
| GB 2371803 | A1 | 20020807 | GB 2002-12763 | 19991118 |
| JP 2002530060 | T2 | 20020917 | JP 2000-582415 | 19991118 |
| GB 2378704 | A1 | 20030219 | GB 2002-24538 | 19991118 |
| GB 2378704 | B2 | 20030507 | | |
| AU 766954 | B2 | 20031030 | AU 2000-13949 | 19991118 |
| WO 2001036486 | A2 | 20010525 | WO 2000-GB4317 | 20001113 |
| WO 2001036486 | A3 | 20020510 | | |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | |
| RW: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| EP 1242456 | A2 | 20020925 | EP 2000-974682 | 20001113 |

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

JP 2003515323 T2 20030507 JP 2001-538975 20001113
US 2004131591 A1 20040708 US 2002-334235 20021230

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GB 1998-25303 A 19981118
GB 1999-1739 A 19990127
GB 1999-17995 A 19990730
GB 1997-11579 A 19970604
GB 1997-13150 A 19970620
GB 1997-14230 A 19970704
EP 1999-972219 A3 19991118
GB 2000-14986 A3 19991118
GB 2001-27669 A 19991118
WO 1999-GB3859 W 19991118
GB 2000-3527 A 20000215
GB 2000-5071 A 20000302
US 2000-445375 A2 20000321
WO 2000-GB4317 W 20001113
US 2002-60585 A2 20020129

AB The authors disclose the use of recombinant poxvirus vectors in
vaccinating against 5T4-expressing **tumors**. In addition, the
authors disclose the sequence characterization of 5T4 antigen from
dog. In one example, mice vaccinated with **human** 5T4
antigen, using a vaccinia virus vector, exhibited protection against
challenge with the syngeneic colon **tumor** cell line CT26
expressing **human** 5T4.

L14 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:819393 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:45805

TITLE: Monitoring gene expression or protein levels in
evaluating an organism's response to drugs of abuse
INVENTOR(S): Miles, Michael F.; Lai, Chao-qiang; Lockhart, David J.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Regents of the University of California, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 98 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 9967267 | A1 | 19991229 | WO 1999-US13839 | 19990622 |
| W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| AU 9946963 | A1 | 20000110 | AU 1999-46963 | 19990622 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | |
| | | | US 1998-90268P | P 19980622 |
| | | | US 1999-337022 | A 19990621 |
| | | | WO 1999-US13839 | W 19990622 |

AB This invention pertains to the identification of genes whose expression
levels are altered by chronic exposure of a cell, tissue, or organism to
one or more drugs of abuse (e.g. alc., stimulants, opiates, etc.). In one

embodiment, this invention provides a method of monitoring the response of a cell to a drug of abuse. The method involves contacting the cell with the drug of abuse; providing a biol. sample comprising the cell; and detecting, in the sample, the expression of one or more genes or ESTs identified herein, where a difference between the expression of one or more of said genes or ESTs in said sample and one or more of said genes or ESTs in a biol. sample not contacted with said drug of abuse indicates a response of the cell to the drug of abuse. Genes and ESTs whose expression was altered by contact of a cell with EtOH were identified by exposing **human** neuroblastoma cell line SH-SY5Y-AH1861. Four genes showed a dose-dependent response to EtOH and are therefore believed to represent important targets of EtOH: dopamine β hydroxylase, sodium-dependent norepinephrine transporter, delta-like protein, and monocyte chemoattractant peptide 1. Similar studies were conducted by exposing mice to cocaine. Altered gene expression in the hippocampus, ventral tegmental area, prefrontal cortex, and nucleus accumbens were observed

REFERENCE COUNT:

3

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d que stat l16

L1 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON C31H38F2IN3O3/MF
 L7 694719 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (?MELANOMA? OR ?CANCER? OR ?CARCIN?
 OR ?NEOPLASM? OR ?TUMOR? OR ?TUMOUR?)
 L8 9 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L7 AND ?XENOGENEIC?(L) (L1 OR ?TYROSINA
 SE?)
 L9 2179 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L7 AND (L1 OR ?TYROSINASE?)
 L10 1007 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L9 AND ((?HUMAN? OR ?SYNGENEIC?) (W) (?D
 IFF?(W)?ANTIGEN?) OR ?HUMAN?)
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 L12 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L11 AND (?CANINE? OR DOG?)
 L13 14 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L8 OR L12
 L14 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L13 AND (?CANINE? OR DOG?)
 L15 9 SEA L14
 L16 6 DUP REMOV L15 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ibib abs l16 1-6

L16 ANSWER 1 OF 6 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-354564 [33] WPIDS

DOC. NO. CPI: C2003-093465

TITLE: New compositions comprising immunostimulatory substances
 packaged into virus-like particles, useful as a vaccine
 for enhancing an immune response in animals, e.g. for
 treating or preventing allergies, tumors or
 viral infections.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16

INVENTOR(S): BACHMANN, M; CIELENS, I; LIPOWSKY, G; MAURER, P;
 MEIJERINK, E; PUMPENS, P; RENHOFA, R; SCHWARZ, K; STORNI,
 T; TISSOT, A; BACHMANN, M F

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (CIEL-I) CIELENS I; (CYTO-N) CYTOS BIOTECHNOLOGY AG;
 (LIPO-I) LIPOWSKY G; (MAUR-I) MAURER P; (MEIJ-I)
 MEIJERINK E; (PUMP-I) PUMPENS P; (RENH-I) RENHOFA R;
 (SCHW-I) SCHWARZ K; (TISS-I) TISSOT A

COUNTRY COUNT: 102

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO | KIND | DATE | WEEK | LA | PG |
|--|------|----------|-----------|----|-----|
| WO 2003024481 | A2 | 20030327 | (200333)* | EN | 322 |
| RW: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW | | | | | |
| W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW | | | | | |
| US 2003099668 | A1 | 20030529 | (200337) | | |
| AU 2002339224 | A1 | 20030401 | (200452) | | |
| EP 1450856 | A2 | 20040901 | (200457) | EN | |
| R: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR | | | | | |

APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2003024481 | A2 | WO 2002-IB4132 | 20020916 |
| US 2003099668 | A1 Provisional | US 2001-318994P | 20010914 |
| | Provisional | US 2002-374145P | 20020422 |

| | | | |
|---------------|----|----------------|----------|
| AU 2002339224 | A1 | US 2002-244065 | 20020916 |
| EP 1450856 | A2 | AU 2002-339224 | 20020916 |
| | | EP 2002-777600 | 20020916 |
| | | WO 2002-IB4132 | 20020916 |

FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | PATENT NO |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| AU 2002339224 | A1 Based on | WO 2003024481 |
| EP 1450856 | A2 Based on | WO 2003024481 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2002-374145P 20020422; US
 2001-318994P 20010914; US
 2002-244065 20020916

AN 2003-354564 [33] WPIDS

AB WO2003024481 A UPAB: 20030526

NOVELTY - A composition for enhancing immune response in animal comprising a virus-like particle, and an immunostimulatory substance, is new. The immunostimulatory substance is bound to the virus-particle particle.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

(1) enhancing an immune response in an animal by introducing into the animal the new composition;

(2) producing the composition for enhancing an immune response in an animal;

(3) vaccines comprising the new composition together with a pharmaceutical diluent, carrier or excipient; and

(4) immunizing or treating an animal by:

(a) administering the vaccine to the animal;

(b) priming a T cell response in the animal by administering the vaccine; or

(c) boosting a T cell response in the animal by administering the vaccine.

ACTIVITY - Immunostimulant; Cytostatic; Antiallergic; Virucide; Antibacterial.

Mice were subcutaneously primed with 100 micro g p33-VLP alone, mixed with 20 nmol CpG-oligonucleotide (p33-VLP+CpG), or p33-VLP packaged with CpG-oligonucleotide after dialysis of free CpG-oligonucleotide (p33-VLP/CpG). Untreated naive mice served as negative control. Twenty days later, mice were challenged with lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus (LCMV) (200 plaque forming units (pfu)), intravenously). Results showed that LCMV titer (log10) was lowest for p33-VLP/CpG.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vaccine.

USE - The composition is useful as a vaccine for enhancing an immune response in an animal, particularly a mammal or **human**. Specifically, the composition is useful for enhancing a B cell response, a T cell response (particularly a Th or Th1 cell response), or a cytotoxic T-lymphocyte (CTL) response. (All claimed.) The composition or vaccine is also useful for immunizing or treating an animal (claimed), e.g. **humans**, sheep, horses, cattle, pigs, **dogs**, cats, rats, birds, reptiles or fish. The composition is particularly useful as prophylactic or therapeutic vaccines against allergies, **tumors** (e.g. breast **cancers**, neuroblastoma, or leukemia), viral diseases (e.g. influenza, hepatitis, measles or chicken pox), or bacterial infections (e.g. tuberculosis, pneumonia or syphilis).
 Dwg.0/55

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 6

MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003174788 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12684396

TITLE: Long-term survival of **dogs** with advanced malignant **melanoma** after **DNA** vaccination with **xenogeneic human tyrosinase**: a phase I trial.

AUTHOR: Bergman Philip J; McKnight Joanne; Novosad Andrew; Charney Sarah; Farrelly John; Craft Diane; Wulderk Michelle; Jeffers Yusuf; Sadelain Michel; Hohenhaus Ann E; Segal Neil; Gregor Polly; Engelhorn Manuel; Riviere Isabelle; Houghton Alan N; Wolchok Jedd D

CORPORATE SOURCE: Donaldson-Atwood Cancer Clinic and Flaherty Comparative Oncology Laboratory, The E&M Bobst Hospital of the Animal Medical Center, New York, New York 10021, USA..
Philip.bergman@amcnny.org

CONTRACT NUMBER: P01 CA33049 (NCI)
P01 CA59350 (NCI)
R01 CA56821 (NCI)

SOURCE: Clinical cancer research : an official journal of the American Association for Cancer Research, (2003 Apr) 9 (4) 1284-90.
Journal code: 9502500. ISSN: 1078-0432.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: (CLINICAL TRIAL)
(CLINICAL TRIAL, PHASE I)
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200401

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030417
Last Updated on STN: 20040121
Entered Medline: 20040120

AB PURPOSE: **Canine malignant melanoma (CMM)** is a spontaneous, aggressive, and metastatic **neoplasm**. Preclinical mouse studies have shown that **xenogeneic DNA** vaccination with genes encoding **tyrosinase** family members can induce antibody and cytotoxic T-cell responses, resulting in **tumor** rejection. These studies provided the rationale for a trial of **xenogeneic DNA** vaccination in CMM using the **human tyrosinase** gene. EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN: Three cohorts of three **dogs** each with advanced (WHO stage II, III, or IV) CMM received four biweekly i.m. injections (dose levels 100, 500, or 1500 micro g, respectively/vaccination) of **human tyrosinase** plasmid **DNA** i.m. via the Biojector2000 delivery device. RESULTS: Mild local reactions at injection sites were the only toxicities observed, with no signs of autoimmunity. One **dog** with stage IV disease had a complete clinical response in multiple lung metastases for 329 days. Two **dogs** with stage IV disease had long-term survivals (421 and 588+ days) in the face of significant bulky metastatic disease, and two other **dogs** with locally controlled stage II/III disease had long-term survivals (501 and 496 days) with no evidence of **melanoma** on necropsy. Four other **dogs** were euthanized because of progression of the primary **tumor**. The Kaplan-Meier median survival time for all nine **dogs** was 389 days. CONCLUSIONS: The results of this trial demonstrate that **xenogeneic DNA** vaccination of **dogs** with advanced malignant **melanoma** is a safe and potentially therapeutic modality. On the basis of these results, additional evaluation of this novel therapeutic is warranted in locally controlled CMM and advanced **human melanoma**.

L16 ANSWER 3 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:513728 BIOSIS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200300513108
 TITLE: Phase I trials of **xenogeneic DNA** vaccination with **human tyrosinase** or murine gp75 in client-owned **dogs** with advanced stage spontaneous malignant **melanoma**.
 AUTHOR(S): Bergman, Philip J. [Reprint Author]; McKnight, Joanne [Reprint Author]; Houghton, Alan N.; Dowd, Michael [Reprint Author]; Craft, Diane M.; Kang, Xiaoqiang; Riviere, Isabelle; Hohenhaus, Ann E.; Hicklin, Daniel J.; Wolchok, Jedd
 CORPORATE SOURCE: The Animal Medical Center, New York, NY, USA
 SOURCE: Proceedings of the American Association for Cancer Research Annual Meeting, (July 2003) Vol. 44, pp. 758. print. Meeting Info.: 94th Annual Meeting of the American Association for Cancer Research. Washington, DC, USA. July 11-14, 2003. ISSN: 0197-016X.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)
 Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
 LANGUAGE: English
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 5 Nov 2003
 Last Updated on STN: 5 Nov 2003

L16 ANSWER 4 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 2
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003232830 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12755292
 TITLE: Development of a multiple-marker polymerase chain reaction assay for detection of metastatic **melanoma** in lymph node aspirates of **dogs**.
 AUTHOR: Catchpole Brian; Gould Sara M; Kellett-Gregory Lindsay M; Dobson Jane M
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pathology and Infectious Diseases, Royal Veterinary College, University of London, London, UK.
 SOURCE: American journal of veterinary research, (2003 May) 64 (5) 544-9.
 Journal code: 0375011. ISSN: 0002-9645.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 200307
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030521
 Last Updated on STN: 20030708
 Entered Medline: 20030707

AB OBJECTIVE: To develop a reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) assay to detect **canine melanoma**-associated antigens (MAAs) and to use this technique to screen aspirates of lymph nodes (LNs) for evidence of metastatic spread of oral malignant **melanoma**. ANIMALS: 7 **dogs** with oral malignant **melanoma** and 4 **dogs** with multicentric lymphosarcoma. PROCEDURES: We prepared cDNA from **melanoma tumor** biopsies and fine-needle aspirates obtained from submandibular LNs of **dogs** with oral malignant **melanoma** or multicentric lymphosarcoma. The RT-PCR assay was performed by use of **tyrosinase**, Melan-A, gp100, **tyrosinase**-related protein 2 (TRP-2), or **melanoma** antigen-encoding gene B (MAGE-B)-specific primers. RESULTS: We detected MAGE-B mRNA in **canine** testicular tissue but not in **melanoma** biopsy specimens. **Tyrosinase**, Melan-A, gp100, and TRP-2 mRNAs were detected in **tumor** biopsy

specimens and in 2 of 5 LN aspirates from **dogs** with **melanoma**, suggesting metastatic spread in those 2 **dogs**. We did not detect MAAs in LN aspirates obtained from **dogs** with multicentric lymphosarcoma. Sequencing of **canine** Melan-A and gp100 PCR products confirmed the specificity of the assay for these genes. CONCLUSIONS AND CLINICAL RELEVANCE: Clinical staging of **dogs** with oral malignant **melanoma** is useful to assist in designing appropriate treatments. However, results of histologic examination of LN biopsy specimens can be inconclusive and, in **humans**, can underestimate the number of patients with metastatic disease. Molecular staging of **melanomas** in **dogs** can be achieved by screening LN aspirates for MAA mRNA, and this can be performed in combination with cytologic examination to aid in detection of metastatic disease.

L16 ANSWER 5 OF 6 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-182484 [18] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 1998-348236 [30]

DOC. NO. CPI: C2003-048030

TITLE: Treating **melanoma** in a mammalian subject comprises administering to the subject an immunological amount of a xenogeneic differentiation antigen of the same type as a differentiation antigen expressed by **melanoma** cells of the subject.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16

INVENTOR(S): BERGMAN, P J; HOUGHTON, A N; WOLCHOK, J D

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (BERG-I) BERGMAN P J; (HOUG-I) HOUGHTON A N; (WOLC-I) WOLCHOK J D

COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO | KIND | DATE | WEEK | LA | PG |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|----|
| US 2002150589 | A1 | 20021017 | (200318)* | | 15 |

APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|---------------|------|-------------|-----------------|
| US 2002150589 | A1 | Provisional | US 1996-32535P |
| | | Provisional | US 1997-36419P |
| | | CIP of | WO 1997-US22669 |
| | | CIP of | US 1999-308697 |
| | | Provisional | US 2000-180651P |
| | | CIP of | US 2000-627694 |
| | | | US 2001-996128 |
| | | | 19961210 |
| | | | 19970218 |
| | | | 19971210 |
| | | | 19990521 |
| | | | 20000126 |
| | | | 20000728 |
| | | | 20011127 |

FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | PATENT NO |
|---------------|-----------|------------|
| US 2002150589 | A1 CIP of | US 6328969 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2001-996128 20011127; US
 1996-32535P 19961210; US
 1997-36419P 19970218; WO
 1997-US22669 19971210; US
 1999-308697 19990521; US
 2000-180651P 20000126; US
 2000-627694 20000728

AN 2003-182484 [18] WPIDS

CR 1998-348236 [30]

AB US2002150589 A UPAB: 20030317

NOVELTY - Treating **melanoma** (M1) in a mammalian subject comprising administering to the subject an immunological amount of a xenogeneic differentiation antigen (DA) of the same type as a (DA) expressed by **melanoma** cells of the subject, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for vectors comprising 6408 or 6485 base pairs (bp), fully defined in the specification.

ACTIVITY - Cytostatic. C57BL/6 mice were immunized with syngeneic **melanoma** cells. Immunizations were tested by intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intradermal route. Mice were then assessed for antibodies against gp75 by ELISA. No antibodies or CTL against gp75 were detected after immunization.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Gene therapy.

USE - The methods and xenogeneic (DA) are useful for treating **canine** malignant **melanoma** in **dog** suffering from the disease by administering an immunological amount of the xenogeneic (DA) (claimed) and for other mammals.
Dwg.0/4

L16 ANSWER 6 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000065928 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10598869

TITLE: **Tyrosinase** gene expression in clear cell sarcoma indicates a melanocytic origin: insight from the first reported **canine** case.

AUTHOR: Cangul I T; van Garderen E; van der Poel H J; Weijer K; Misdorp W

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pathology, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Utrecht University, The Netherlands.

SOURCE: APMIS : acta pathologica, microbiologica, et immunologica Scandinavica, (1999 Nov) 107 (11) 982-8.
Journal code: 8803400. ISSN: 0903-4641.

PUB. COUNTRY: Denmark

DOCUMENT TYPE: (CASE REPORTS)
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AF129000

ENTRY MONTH: 199912

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000113
Last Updated on STN: 20000113
Entered Medline: 19991228

AB The aim of this study was to characterize a metastasizing soft tissue **tumor** in a **dog**, which clinically, grossly and histologically showed a close resemblance to **human** clear cell sarcoma, a soft tissue variant of malignant **melanoma**. Ultrastructurally, melanosomes were found, indicating a melanocytic origin of the **tumor**. Using reverse-transcription polymerase chain reaction, expression of the gene encoding **tyrosinase** was determined in **tumor** cells. With this first case of **canine** clear cell sarcoma, as well as the earlier report from our laboratory on amelanotic **melanomas** in the cat, we demonstrate that expression of the **tyrosinase** gene may occur in a broader range of less differentiated melanocytic **tumors** in different species, including man.

Harris 09/996,128

09/10/2004

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:58:43 ON 09 OCT 2004
E TYROSINASE/CN

L6 1 SEA ABB=ON TYROSINASE/CN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:58:55 ON 09 OCT 2004

L7 694719 SEA ABB=ON (?MELANOMA? OR ?CANCER? OR ?CARCIN? OR ?NEOPLASM?
OR ?TUMOR? OR ?TUMOUR?)

L8 9 SEA ABB=ON L7 AND ?XENOGENEIC?(L) (L1 OR ?TYROSINASE?)

L9 2179 SEA ABB=ON L7 AND (L1 OR ?TYROSINASE?)

L10 1007 SEA ABB=ON L9 AND ((?HUMAN? OR ?SYNGENEIC?) (W) (?DIFF?(W) ?ANTIG
EN?) OR ?HUMAN?)

L11 261 SEA ABB=ON L10 AND (DNA? OR ?TUMOUR?(W) ?AGENT?)

L12 6 SEA ABB=ON L11 AND (?CANINE? OR DOG?)

L13 14 SEA ABB=ON L8 OR L12

L14 6 SEA ABB=ON L13 AND (?CANINE? OR DOG?) *6 cit's from CAPLUS*

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIDS, JICST-EPLUS, JAPIO' ENTERED AT
14:02:11 ON 09 OCT 2004

L15 9 SEA ABB=ON L14

L16 6 DUP REMOV L15 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED) *6 cit's from other
databases*